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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(B) THEREUNDER

September 30, 2023

1. For the quarter ended

3. BIR Tax Identification No. 010-510-144 4. VISTARFIT, INC, Exact name of the registrant as specified in its charter 5. Metro Manila, Philippines Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation 6. Industry Classification Code (SEC Use Only) 7. Lower Ground Floor, Building B, EVIA Lifestyle Center, Vista City. Daanghari, Almanza Dos, Las Piñas City Address of Principal Office Postal Code 8. (02) 8994-4377 Registrant's telephone number, including area code 9. N/A Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report. 10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA Title of each Class Common stock Number of Shares of common stock outstanding Common stock 7,500,000,000 shares 11. Are any of the registrant's securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange? Yes [x] No [] If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein: Philippine Stock Exchange — Common Shares 12. Check whether the registrant: (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Securities Regulation Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder, and Section 25 and 177 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period of the registrant was required to file such reports.) Yes [x] No [] (b) has been subject to such filling requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [x] No []	2. SEC Identification Number	<u>CS202006725</u>		
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	Yes [x]	No []		
Yes [x] No[]	(b) has been subject to such filing require	ements for the p	ast 90 days.	
	Yes [x]	No []		

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VISTAREIT, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousand Pesos)

	Unaudited 09/30/2023	Audited 12/31/2022
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current Assets		
Cash (Note 6)	35,559	88,957
Receivables (Note 7)	1,145,810	757,541
Due from related parties	456,849	1,176,934
Other current assets (Note 9)	158,452	129,636
Total Current Assets	1,796,670	2,153,068
Noncurrent Assets		
Receivables – net of current portion (Note 7)	1,172,090	480,512
Property and equipment	13,414	18,139
Investment properties (Note 8)	37,217,806	24,836,894
Other noncurrent assets (Note 9)	30,185	30,186
Total Noncurrent Assets	38,433,495	25,365,731
	40,230,165	27,518,799
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts and other payables (Note 10)	499,130	246,172
Security deposits and advance rent (Note 11)	553,547	589,301
Payable to related parties	_	274,608
Dividends payable	_	175,011
Income tax payable	_	30,138
Total Current Liabilities	1,052,677	1,315,230
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Other noncurrent liabilities	_	39,831
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	39,831
Total Liabilities	1,052,677	1,355,061
EQUITY (Note 12)		
Capital Stock	7,500,000	7,500,000
Additional paid-in capital	28,720,894	28,720,894
Retained earnings	2,956,594	(10,057,156)
Total Equity	39,177,488	26,163,738
· ·	40,230,165	27,518,799

VISTAREIT, INC. STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

(In Thousands Pesos)

REVENUES	Unaudited Jul-Sep Q3 – 2023	Unaudited Jan-Sep 2023	Unaudited Jul-Sep Q3 - 2022	Unaudited Jan-Sep 2022 ¹
Rental Income Parking Fees Other Operating Income	612,164 10,277 45,514 667,955	1,908,561 30,138 130,563 2,069,262	800,510 3,501 26,155 830,166	1,734,437 7,585 56,670 1,798,692
FAIR VALUE CHANGES IN INVESTMENT PROPERTIES				
Decrease in fair value of investment properties Straight-line adjustments	- (213,641)	12,972,950 (642,591)	_	_
Lease commissions	(606) (214,247)	(1,212) 12,329,147	<u>-</u>	
COSTS AND EXPENSES General and administrative				
expenses (Note 13)	116,944	472,844	92,790	201,045
Marketing expense Other operating and	5,260 1,590	19,608 12,377	2,322 8,027	5,030 17,391
administrative	123,794	504,829	103,139	223,466
OPERATING PROFIT	329,914	13,893,580	727,027	1,575,226
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) Interest income	262	789	574	639
Interest expense and other financing charges	(50)	(113)	_	_
imaneing charges	212	676	574	639
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	330,126	13,894,256	727,601	1,575,865
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	1	6	-	(45,588)
NET INCOME	330,125	13,894,250	727,601	1,530,277
Weighted outstanding common shares	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000
Basic / Diluted Earnings per share (Note 14)	0.044	1.853	0.097	0.204

¹ The Company only commenced its operations on March 16, 2022 upon the transfer of assets from the Sponsors.

VISTAREIT, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousand Pesos)

	Unaudited Jan – Sep 2023	Audited 12/31/2022	Unaudited Jan – Sep 2022
CAPITAL STOCK			
COMMON STOCK			
Balance at beginning of period	7,500,000	510,000	510,000
Issuance during the period/year	_	6,990,000	6,990,000
Treasury shares	=	-	_
Balance at end of period	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL			
Balance at beginning of period	28,720,894	-	_
Issuance during the period/year	_	28,962,993	28,962,993
Share issuance costs	_	(242,099)	(242,099)
Balance at end of period	28,720,894	28,720,894	28,720,894
RETAINED EARNINGS			
Balance at beginning of period	(10,057,156)	(9,688)	(9,688)
Net income / (loss)	13,894,250	(9,618,218)	1,530,277
Dividend declared	(880,500)	(429,250)	(158,500)
Balance at end of period	2,956,594	(10,057,156)	1,362,089
TOTAL EQUITY	39,144,364	26,163,738	37,582,983

VISTAREIT, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022 (In Thousand Pesos)

	Unaudited Jul-Sep Q3 - 2023	Unaudited Jan-Sep 2023	Unaudited Jul-Sep Q3 – 2022	Unaudited Jan-Sep 2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	330,125	13,894,256	727,601	1,575,865
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortization	3,657	6,733	1,585	3,434
Finance costs	50	113	_	_
Fair value change in investment properties	605	(12,971,738)	(573)	(639)
Interest income	(262)	(789)	_	_
Deferred tax	_	_	727,601	1,575,865
Operating income before changes in operating	224455	000 ===	500 (10	1.550.660
assets and liabilities	334,175	928,575	728,613	1,578,660
Decrease (Increase) in:	10.044	(425.255)	(5(0,042)	(077 221)
Receivables	18,844	(437,255)	(568,842)	(977,221)
Other current assets Increase (Decrease) in:	(18,593)	(28,817)	(890)	(5,969)
Accounts and other payables	36,329	252,957	99,897	311,606
Security deposits and advance rent	7,104	(75,585)	4,806	8,409
Other noncurrent liabilities	7,104	(73,303)	1,248	7,572
Cash from operations	377,859	639,875	264,832	923,057
Payment of taxes	(11)	(30,144)	(5,003)	(5,003)
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	377,848	609,731	259,829	918,054
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received	262	789	573	639
Decrease in investment properties and property	(22.50.0)	(52.552)	(15,005)	(25, 425)
and equipment	(32,506)	(53,772)	(17,897)	(27,437)
Decrease (Increase) in other non-current assets Net Cash used in Investing Activities	(32,244)	(52,983)	(17,324)	(26,798)
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	(32,244)	(32,963)	(17,324)	(20,798)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(50)	(112)		
Interest paid	(50)	(113)	70.004	(929.450)
Increase (Decrease) in payables to related parties	(40,138)	445,478	79,004	(838,450)
Payments on dividends Net Cash provided by (used in) Financing	(296,990)	(1,055,511)	(157,500)	(158,500)
Activities	(337,178)	(610 146)	(79.406)	(006.050)
ACHYTHES	(33/,1/0)	(610,146)	(78,496)	(996,950)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	8,426	(53,398)	164,009	(105,694)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	27,133	88,957	240,371	510,074
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	35,559	35,559	404,380	404,380

VISTAREIT, INC. NOTES TO INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

VistaREIT, Inc. formerly "Vista One, Inc." (the Company or VREIT) was incorporated in the Republic of the Philippines and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on August 24, 2020, primarily to own, manage, operate and engage in the leasing of income-generating real properties such as office buildings, shopping centers, hotels, resorts, residential buildings, condominium buildings, among others and to hold for investment or otherwise, real estate of all kinds, including buildings, apartments and other structures, and to grant loans and/or assume or undertake or guarantee or secure, whether as solidary obligor, surety, guarantor or any other capacity either on its general credit or on the mortgage, pledge, deed of trust, assignment and/or other security arrangement of any or all of its property, the whole or any part of the liabilities and obligations of its parent company, subsidiaries or investee companies or affiliates, without engaging in the business of a financing company or lending investor.

On March 14, 2022, the SEC approved the increase in VREIT's authorized capital stock from P2,000,000,000 divided into 2,000,000,000 shares with par value of P1.00 each to P15,000,000,000 divided into 15,000,000,000 shares with par value of P1.00 per share. Accordingly, the Company subsequently issued 7,500,000,000 common shares to its shareholders.

As of September 30, 2023, VREIT is owned by the following: (1) Masterpiece Asia Properties, Inc. (MAPI) (32.96%); (2) Vista Residences, Inc (VRI) (17.40%); (3) Manuela Corporation (MC) (5.92%); (4) Communities Pampanga. Inc. (CPI) (4.86%); and (5) Crown Asia Properties, Inc. (CAPI) (3.49%) and the rest by individual and public shareholders.

MC and MAPI are 99.85% and 100% owned subsidiaries, respectively, of Vistamalls, Inc. (VMI), a publicly listed holding company in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). VMI is 88.34% owned by Vista Land & Lifescapes, Inc. (VLLI) and the rest by the public while VRI, CPI and CAPI are wholly owned subsidiaries by VLLI. VLLI is a publicly listed investment holding company which is 65.00% owned by Fine Properties, Inc. (the Ultimate Parent Company) and 35.00% owned by the public.

VREIT's registered office and principal place of business is located at Lower Ground Floor, Building B, Evia Lifestyle Center, DaangHari, Almanza Dos, Las Piñas City.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis. The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (*) which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company, and all amounts are rounded to the nearest Philippine Peso unless otherwise indicated.

The financial statements provide comparative information in respect of the previous period. While there are recent signs of increased market activity with the easing of quarantine measures in key areas in the Philippines, management believes that the impact of COVID-19 situation remains fluid and evolving and the pace of recovery remains uncertain.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new standards effective in 2022. The Company has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Unless otherwise indicated, adoption of these new standards did not have significant impact on the financial statements of the Company.

• Amendments to PFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments are intended to replace a reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, issued in 1989, with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments added an exception to the recognition principle of PFRS 3, *Business Combinations* to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2' gains or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* or Philippine-IFRIC 21, *Levies*, if incurred separately.

At the same time, the amendments add a new paragraph to PFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date.

• Amendments to PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit entities deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

• Amendments to PAS 37, Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The amendments apply a "directly related cost approach". The costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

- Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle
 - Amendments to PFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Philippines Financial Reporting Standards, Subsidiary as a first-time adopter

The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported in the parent company's consolidated financial statements, based on the parent's date of transition to PFRS, if no adjustments were made for consolidation procedures and for the effects of the business combination in which the parent acquired the subsidiary. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of PFRS 1.

 Amendments to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities

The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf.

o Amendments to PAS 41, Agriculture, Taxation in fair value measurements

The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of PAS 41 that entities exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring the fair value of assets within the scope of PAS 41.

Standards Issued but not yet Effective

Pronouncements issued but not yet effective are listed below. Unless otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect that the future adoption of the said pronouncements will have a significant impact on its financial statements. The Company intends to adopt the following pronouncements when they become effective.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2023

• Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, *Disclosure of Accounting Policies*

The amendments provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by:

- Replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies, and
- Adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures

The amendments to the Practice Statement provide non-mandatory guidance. Meanwhile, the amendments to PAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Early application is permitted as long as this fact is disclosed. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company.

• Amendments to PAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments introduce a new definition of accounting estimates and clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. Also, the amendments clarify that the effects on an accounting estimate of a change in an input or a change in a measurement technique are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

An entity applies the amendments to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after January 1, 2023 with earlier adoption permitted. The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company.

 Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under PAS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments also clarify that where payments that settle a liability are deductible for tax purposes, it is a matter of judgement (having considered the applicable tax law) whether such deductions are attributable for tax purposes to the liability recognized in the financial statements (and interest expense) or to the related asset component (and interest expense).

An entity applies the amendments to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented for annual reporting periods on or after January 1, 2023.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2024

• Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments clarify:

- That only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before reporting date will affect a liability's classification as current or non-current.
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right.
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. The Company is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

• Amendments to PFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

The amendments specify how a seller-lessee measures the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction in a way that it does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and must be applied retrospectively. Earlier adoption is permitted, and that fact must be disclosed.

Effective beginning on or after January 1, 2025

• PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 is a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, PFRS 17 will replace PFRS 4, *Insurance Contracts*. This new standard on insurance contracts applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply.

The overall objective of PFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in PFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, PFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of PFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)
- A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts

On December 15, 2021, the FRSC amended the mandatory effective date of PFRS 17 from January 1, 2023 to January 1, 2025. This is consistent with Circular Letter No. 2020-62 issued by the Insurance Commission which deferred the implementation of PFRS 17 by two (2) years after its effective date as decided by the IASB.

PFRS 17 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted.

Deferred effectivity

• Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address the conflict between PFRS 10 and PAS 28 in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture. The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in PFRS 3. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

On January 13, 2016, the Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council deferred the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the IASB completes its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Current and Noncurrent Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification.

An asset is current when:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within 12 months after reporting date; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after reporting date.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within 12 months after reporting date; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after reporting date.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred liabilities are classified as noncurrent liabilities.

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks. Cash in banks earn interest at the prevailing interest rate.

Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. For a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)

The Company measures financial assets at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Company's financial assets at amortized cost includes cash, receivables (except for advances to contractors) and receivables from related parties.

Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)
Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under PAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of comprehensive income when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at fair value though profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value.

Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortized cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at FVTPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognizes expected credit losses (ECL) for the following financial assets that are not measured at FVTPL:

- debt instruments that are measured at amortized cost and FVOCI;
- loan commitments; and
- financial guarantee contracts.

No ECL is recognized on equity investments.

ECLs are measured in a way that reflects the following:

- an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Company uses simplified approach method in calculating its ECL for lease receivables. Under the simplified approach, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix for trade receivables that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors (i.e., inflation, GDP growth rate) specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure ECLs. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Company's historical observed default rates. The Company will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed. The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 120 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full.

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has stopped pursuing the recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference is first treated as an addition to the allowance that is then applied against the gross carrying amount. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to impairment loss.

For cash in banks, the Company applies the low credit risk simplification. The probability of default and loss given defaults are publicly available and are considered to be low credit risk investments. It is the Company's policy to measure ECLs on such instruments on a 12-month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. The Company uses the ratings from the external credit rating agencies to determine whether the instrument has significantly increased in credit risk and to estimate ECLs.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include accounts and other payables (except for deferred output VAT and other statutory payables), payable to related parties, dividends payable and retention payable.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statements of comprehensive income.

This category generally applies to accounts and other payables (except for deferred output VAT and other statutory payables), payable to related parties, liabilities for purchased land, retention payable, bank loans and lease liabilities presented in the statements of financial position.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a group of financial assets) is derecognized when, and only when: (a) the right to receive cash flows from the assets expires; (b) the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third-party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or (c) the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either: (i) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (ii) has neither transferred nor retained the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Modification of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new asset, with the difference between its carrying amount and the fair value of the new asset recognized as a derecognition gain or loss in profit or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows discounted at the original EIR (or creditadjusted EIR for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets) and recognizes a modification gain or loss in the profit or loss.

Financial liability

A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Advances to Contractors and Suppliers

Advances to contractors are advance payments in relation to the Company's construction activities and are recouped through reduction against progress billings as the construction progresses. Recoupments occur within one to five years from the date the advances were made.

Value-Added Tax

Input tax represents the VAT due or paid on purchases of goods and services subjected to VAT that the Company can claim against any future liability to the BIR for output VAT on sale of goods and services subjected to VAT. The input tax can also be recovered as tax credit under certain circumstances against future income tax liability of the Company upon approval of the BIR and/or Bureau of Customs. Input tax is stated at its estimated net realizable values. A valuation allowance is provided for any portion of the input tax that cannot be claimed against output tax or recovered as tax credit against future income tax liability. Input tax is recorded under current assets in the statements of financial position.

For its VAT-registered activities, when VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT) exceeds VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT), the excess is recognized as payable in the statement of financial position. When VAT passed on from purchases of goods or services (input VAT) exceeds VAT from sales of goods and/or services (output VAT), the excess is recognized as an asset in the statement of financial position up to the extent of the recoverable amount.

For its non-VAT registered activities, the amount of VAT passed on from its purchases of goods or service is recognized as part of the cost of goods/asset acquired or as part of the expense item, as applicable.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are carried at cost less the amortized portion. These typically comprise prepayments for marketing fees, taxes and licenses, rentals and insurance.

Refundable Deposits

Refundable deposits are measured at amortized cost. These pertain to deposits on utility subscriptions, rental deposits and security deposits which shall be applied against unpaid utility expenses and rent expenses upon termination of the contracts.

Investment Properties

Investment properties consist of properties that are held to earn rental and that are not occupied by the Company. Investment properties are initially measured at cost but are subsequently remeasured at fair value at each reporting date, which reflects market conditions at the reporting dated. Cost comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable costs in developing and improving the properties. Cost also includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the cost of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. The fair value of investment properties is determined using income approach by the management and an external valuer. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in the profit of loss in the period in which they arise, including the corresponding tax effect, if any. The fair value reported in the financial statements is reduced by the application of the straight-line method of recognizing rental income and lease commissions.

The Company's investment properties consist mainly of retail malls and office buildings.

Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognized in profit or loss in the period of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the end of owner occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party. Transfers are made from investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner occupation or commencement of development with a view to sell.

For transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner-occupier property become an investment property, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the property and equipment policy up to the date of change in use.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that nonfinancial assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is calculated as the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those assets or groups of assets.

Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognized in profit or loss in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at each financial reporting date as to whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and

amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as revaluation increase in OCI. After such reversal, the depreciation and amortization charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

Security Deposits

Security deposits represent deposits required by lease agreement from lessees. These can be recovered upon termination of the lease agreement through refund or application to unpaid rent and/or other charges.

Advance Rent

Advance rent includes three-month advance rental paid by lessee as required under lease contract. These will be applied to the first or last three months rental depending on the contract terms of the related lease contract. These also include overpayments made by lessee against its monthly billings which will applied to future billings.

Equity

Capital stock and additional paid-in capital (APIC)

Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares subscribed, issued and outstanding. When the shares are sold at premium, the difference between the proceeds at the par value is credited to "Additional paid-in capital" account. Direct costs incurred related to equity issuance are chargeable to "Additional paid-in capital" account. If additional paid-in capital is not sufficient, the excess is charged against retained earnings. When the Company issues more than one class of stock, a separate account is maintained for each class of stock and the number of shares issued.

Stock issuance costs

Stock issuance costs are incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance or subscription of new shares which are shown in equity as deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Costs that relate to the new stock market listing, or otherwise are not incremental costs directly attributable to issuing new share, are recorded as expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings represent accumulated earnings (losses) of the Company less dividends declared

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, except for the provisioning of water and electricity services in its mall retail spaces and office leasing activities, wherein it is acting as agent.

Rental Income

The Company earns revenue from acting as a lessor in operating leases which do not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an investment property. Rental income arising from operating leases on investment property is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is included in the revenue in the statement of comprehensive income due to its operating nature, except for contingent rental income which is recognized when it arises.

Lease incentives that are paid or payable to the lessee are deducted from lease payments. Accordingly, tenant lease incentives are recognized as a reduction of rental income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The lease term is the non-cancellable period of the lease together with any further term for which the tenant has the option to continue the lease, where, at the inception of the lease, the Company is reasonably certain that the tenant will exercise the option. For more information on the judgment involved, refer to Note 5.

The tenant lease incentives are considered in the calculation of 'Accrued rental receivables' under 'Receivables' in the statement of financial position.

Amounts received from tenants to terminate leases or to compensate for dilapidations are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income when the right to received them arises.

The contracts for commercial and office spaces leased out by the Company to its tenants include the rights to charge for the electricity usage, water usage, air-conditioning charges and CUSA like maintenance janitorial and security services.

For the electricity and water usage, the Company determined that it is acting as an agent because the promise of the Company to the tenants is to arrange for the electricity and water supply to be provided by a utility company. The utility and service companies, and not the Company, are primarily responsible for the provisioning of the utilities while the Company administers the leased spaces and coordinates with the utility and service companies to ensure that tenants have access to these utilities.

For the provision of CUSA and air-conditioning of the buildings, the Company acts as a principal because it retains the right to direct the service provider of air-conditioning, maintenance, janitorial and security to the leased premises. The right to the services mentioned never transfers to the tenant and the Company has the discretion on how to price the CUSA and air-conditioning charges.

In respect of the revenue component, these services represent a series of daily services that are individually satisfied over time because the tenants simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Company. The Company applies the time elapsed method to measure progress.

The consideration charged to tenants for these services is based on a fixed amount as agreed with the tenants.

The Company arranges for third parties to provide certain of these services to its tenants. The Company concluded that it acts as a principal in relation to these services as it controls the specified services before transferring them to the customer. Therefore, the Company records revenue on a gross basis. For more information, please refer to Note 5.

Interest income

Interest is recognized using the effective interest method, i.e, the rate, that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Other Revenue

Other revenue is recognized when earned.

Cost and Expenses

Cost and expenses pertain to expenses incurred in relation to rental of investment properties and administering the business. These are recognized when a decrease in future economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase of a liability has arisen than can be measured reliably. These are recognized when incurred and measured at the amount paid or payable.

Income Taxes

Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The Company periodically evaluates the income tax positions taken in situations where the applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and considers these positions separately from other uncertainties. The Company assesses whether or not it is probable that those income tax positions will be accepted by the tax authorities, where if not, the Company recognizes additional income tax expense and liability relating to those positions.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences, with certain exceptions, at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, with certain exceptions. Deferred tax liabilities shall be recognized for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures when the timing of reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in foreseeable future. Otherwise, no deferred tax liability is set up.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward benefit of unused tax credits from excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax and unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused tax credits from MCIT and NOLCO can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets shall be recognized for deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each financial reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each financial reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income. Deferred tax items recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Incentive Under REIT Law

The Company is granted an exemption under the REIT Law provided that it meets certain conditions (e.g., distribution of minimum required earning equivalent to at least 90% of distributable income).

Under the tax incentive scheme, the Company can choose to operate within one or two tax regimes (a "full tax" regime or a "no tax" regime) depending on whether profits are retained or distributed.

The Company availed of the tax-fee incentive and no deferred taxes have been recognized on temporary differences.

Cost and Expenses

Operating expenses are recognized in profit or loss when decrease in future economic benefit related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

Operating expenses are recognized:

- on the basis of systematic and rational allocation procedures when economic benefits are
 expected to arise over several accounting periods and the association can only be broadly
 or indirectly determined; or
- immediately when expenditure produces no future economic benefits or when, and to the extent that, future economic benefits do not qualify or cease to qualify, for recognition in the statement of financial position as an asset.

Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as Lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company's long term lease requires variable lease payments and thereby does not qualify for recognition of lease liability and right-of-use asset (see Note 15).

Short-term Leases and Leases of Low-value Assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. The Company applies the low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of underlying assets with a value of P0.25 million and below when new. Lease payments on short-term leases and low-value assets are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as a Lessor

Leases where the lessor does not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the assets are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as the rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Lease modification is defined as a change in the scope of a lease, or the consideration for a lease, that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease (for example, adding or terminating the right to use one or more underlying assets, or extending or shortening the contractual lease term).

A lessor shall account for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease. If a change in lease payments does not meet the definition of a lease modification, that change would generally be accounted for as a negative variable lease payment. In the case of an operating lease, a lessor recognizes the effect of the rent concession by recognizing lower income from leases.

Pretermination is defined as termination of lease contract by the lessee or lessor before the end of the lease term. In the case of pretermination of an operating lease, a lessor derecognizes the accrued rental receivable which is the effect of straight-line calculation of rental income and is charged against rental income in the statement of comprehensive income.

Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year after giving effect to assumed conversion of potential common shares. The calculation of diluted EPS does not assume conversion, exercise, or other issue of potential common shares that would have an antidilutive effect on earnings per share.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company has no potential dilutive common shares.

Segment Reporting

The Company's lease operation is its reportable segment.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the obligation. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense. Where the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented instatement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. These are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Events After the Financial Reporting Date

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Any post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the financial statements when material.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of accompanying financial statements in compliance with PFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The estimates and assumptions used in the financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

Judgments and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Assessment of the Company being effectively a 'tax-free' entity

There are entities which are specifically exempt from income tax under the tax rules, and accordingly are not within the scope of PAS 12, *Income Taxes*. For REIT entities, while not formally designated as 'tax-free' under the tax rules, are nevertheless "income tax-free" provided that the meet certain conditions (i.e., listing status, dividend payments, etc.). A REIT entity is required to distribute at least 90% of its annual income as a dividend to its investors and is allowed to treat the dividend as deduction for tax purposes making it effectively an "income tax-free" entity.

The Company abides with the provisions of the REIT law and complies with the 90% dividend distribution. The Company has determined, based on its current tax regime and expected dividend distribution in the succeeding periods, that it is effectively an "income tax-free" entity. Accordingly, the Company did not recognize deferred taxes after its listing as a REIT entity.

Principal versus agent considerations

The contract for the commercial spaces leased out by the Company to its tenants includes the right to charge for the electricity usage, water usage, air conditioning charges and CUSA like maintenance, janitorial and security services.

For the electricity and water usage, the Company determined that it is acting as an agent because the promise of the Company to the tenants is to arrange for the electricity and water supply to be provided by a utility company. The utility company, and not the real estate developer, is primary responsible for the provisioning of the utilities while the Company, administers the leased spaces and coordinates with the utility companies to ensure that tenants have access to these utilities. The Company does not have the discretion on the pricing of the services provided since the price is based on the actual rate charged by the utility providers.

For the connection to air conditioning system and services in the CUSA, the Company acts as a principal. This is because it is the Company who retains the right to direct the service provider of CUSA as it chooses and the party responsible to provide proper ventilation and air conditioning to the leased premises. The right to the services mentioned never transfers to the tenant and the Company has the discretion on how to price the CUSA and air conditioning charges.

Property lease classification – the Company as lessor

The Company has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Company has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the present value of the minimum lease payments not amounting to substantially all of the fair value of the commercial property, that it retains substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of this property and accounts for the contracts as operating leases

Determination of the lease term

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

As a lessor, the Company enters into lease agreements that contain options to terminate or to extend the lease. At commencement date, the Company determines whether the lessee is reasonably certain to extend the lease term or not to terminate the lease. To make this analysis, the Company takes into account any difference between the contract terms and the market terms, any significant investments made by the lessee in the property, costs relating to the termination of the lease and the importance of the underlying asset to the lessee's operations. In many cases, the Company does not identify sufficient evidence to meet the required level of certainty.

As a lessee, the Company has a lease contract for the land where investment properties are situated that includes an extension and a termination option. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether or not it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise, or not to exercise, the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customization to the leased asset).

Significant increase in credit risk

The criteria for determining whether credit risk has increased significantly vary by portfolio and include quantitative changes in PDs and qualitative factors. The Company's cash in banks are graded in the top investment category by globally recognized credit rating agencies such as S&P, Moody's and Fitch and, therefore, are considered to be low credit risk investments. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. The Company uses the ratings from these credit rating agencies both to determine whether the debt instrument has significantly increased in credit risk and to estimate ECLs. Using its expert credit judgement and, where possible, relevant historical experience, the Company may determine that an exposure has undergone a significant increase in credit risk based on particular qualitative indicators that it considers are indicative of such and whose effect may not otherwise be fully reflected in its quantitative analysis on a timely basis. The Company has not recognized any allowance on its financial assets.

Evaluation whether the acquired asset of assets constitute a business

The Company acquired portfolio of investment properties via asset-for-share swap and elected to apply the optional concentration test to determine whether the acquired assets or group of assets constitute a business. The Company has determined that the acquisition is a purchase of asset as the acquisition passed the concentration test due to: (a) the building is considered a single identifiable asset and (b) substantially all the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset.

Management's Use of Estimates

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Provision for expected credit losses of financial assets

Cash in bank:

The Company recognizes a loss allowance based on either 12-month ECLs or Lifetime ECLs, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on the financial instrument since initial recognition. The changes in the loss allowance balance are recognized in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss. The Company uses external credit rating approach to calculate ECL for cash in banks, short-term cash investments and restricted cash. This approach leverages on available market data (i.e., S&P and Moody's and Fitch credit ratings for default rates). S&P, Moody's, Fitch and Reuters are reliable market data sources that provide default and recovery rate data. These information are widely used by investors and stakeholders in decision-making in terms of investment, credit activities, etc.

Receivables:

For third-party receivable from tenants and accrued rental receivables, the Company recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs. The changes in the loss allowance balance are recognized in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss.

For related party receivables from tenants, including the accrued rental receivable, the Company considers the ability to pay of the related party and considers factors whether the related party is a listed company or not, its current results of operations and the projected cash flows from operations given the expected continuing recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. The assessment also includes the assumption of the liability of the related parties' parent company and future plans of payments for remaining uncollected receivables such as entering into property exchange or joint venture arrangements wherein land properties will be received as form of settlement, which are to be used in the Company's planned expansion activities. The collectability assessment also includes the continuing commitment to provide financial support to these related parties and common control entities by Fine Properties, Inc. and the assessment of the latter's capacity to provide such financial support.

The assessment of the relationship between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

Incorporation of forward-looking information

The Company considers a range of relevant forward-looking macro-economic assumptions (i.e., inflation rate and GDP growth rate) for the determination of unbiased general industry

adjustments and any related specific industry adjustments that support the calculation of ECLs. Based on the Company's evaluation and assessment and after taking into consideration external actual and forecast information, the Company formulates a 'base case' view of the future direction of relevant economic variables as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios. This process involves developing two or more additional economic scenarios and considering the relative probabilities of each outcome. External information includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies, monetary authorities and selected private-sector and academic institutions. The base case represents a most-likely outcome and is aligned with information used by the Company for other purposes such as strategic planning and budgeting. The other scenarios represent more optimistic and more pessimistic outcomes. Periodically, the Company carries out stress testing of more extreme shocks to calibrate its determination of these other representative scenarios. The Company has identified and documented key drivers of credit risk and credit losses of each portfolio of financial instruments and, using an analysis of historical data, has estimated relationships between macro-economic variables and credit risk and credit losses.

Evaluation of impairment of nonfinancial assets

The Company regularly reviews its nonfinancial assets carried at cost for impairment of value. This includes considering certain indications of impairment such as significant changes in asset usage, significant decline in assets' market value, obsolescence or physical damage of an asset, significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results and significant industry or economic trends, considering the expected continuing recovery from the impact of COVID-19 pandemic.

The Company estimates the recoverable amount as the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Fair value less costs to sell pertain to quoted prices and for fair values determined using discounted cash flows or other valuation technique such as multiples. In determining the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use of the assets, the Company is required to make estimates and assumptions that may affect property and equipment and other nonfinancial assets.

Determining the fair value of investment properties

The Company measures its investment properties using fair value method. The Company engages an independent valuation specialists to assess fair value as at reporting date. The fair value of investment properties is determined by independent real estate valuation experts based on the income approach which are based on the assets' discounted future cash flows.

Useful lives of property and equipment and investment properties

The Company estimated the useful lives of its property and equipment and investment properties based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of are reviewed at least annually and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear and technical or commercial obsolescence on the use of these assets. For investment properties located in parcels of land that the Company leases, the Company also considers the non-cancellable term of the lease in determining the useful lives of the leasehold improvements.

6. CASH

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2023
Cash on hand	₽105
5Cash in banks	35,454
	₽35,559

Cash in banks earns interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates. Interest rate ranges from 0.06% to 0.13% in September 30, 2023.

Interest earned from cash in banks for the period ended September 30, 2023 amounted to ₱0.032 million.

7. RECEIVABLES

The balance of this account is composed of the following as of September 30, 2023:

Accounts receivable from tenants	₱ 1,107,900
Accrued rent receivables	1,172,090
Advances to contractors	33,088
Other receivables	4,822
	2,317,900
Less noncurrent portion	1,172,090
	₱ 1,145,810

Accounts receivables from tenants

Accounts receivables from tenants represent the outstanding receivables arising from the lease of commercial centers relating to the Company's mall and offices and are collectible within 30 days from billing date. Except for lease contracts with related parties, these are covered by security deposit of tenants' equivalent to three-month rental and three-month advance rental paid by the lessees. This includes both the fixed and contingent portion of lease.

Accrued rental receivable

Accrued rental receivable pertains to the effect of straight-line calculation of rental income. The noncurrent portion of accrued rental receivable pertains to future billings beyond 12 months from reporting date.

Advances to contractors

Advances to contractors are advance payments in relation to the Company's construction activities and are recouped through reduction against progress billings as the construction progresses. Recoupment occurs within one to five years from the date the advances were made.

8. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties consist mainly of commercial centers that are held to earn rentals. The commercial centers include retail malls and offices that are located in key cities and municipalities in the Philippines.

Rental income earned from investment properties, including straight-line adjustments, amounted to ₱1,908.56 million in September 30, 2023. Repairs and maintenance costs and costs of property operations arising from the investment properties amounted to ₱504.83 million in September 30, 2023.

The composition of this account is shown below.

Building and improvements	₱ 37,120,763
Construction In Progress	97,043
	₱ 37,217,806

The estimated useful life of the investment properties is 10 to 40 years.

9. OTHER ASSETS

This account is composed of the following as of September 30, 2023:

Refundable deposits	₱ 106,072
Prepaid expenses	36,306
Creditable withholding tax (CWT)	34,491
Input value-added tax (VAT)	9,840
Other assets	1,928
	188,637
Less noncurrent portion of refundable deposits	30,185
	₱158,452

Refundable deposits pertain to deposits on utility subscriptions and security deposits. These deposits shall be applied against unpaid utility expenses. These deposits are necessary for the continuing construction and development of the Company's commercial centers.

Prepaid expenses mainly include advertising and marketing fees, taxes and licenses and insurance paid in advance. These are to be fully amortized within one year.

Creditable withholding taxes pertain to taxes withheld by the customer and are recoverable and can be applied against income tax in future periods.

Input VAT is a tax imposed on purchases of goods, professional and consulting services and construction costs. These are available for offset against output VAT in future periods.

Others include accrued interest receivable, penalties receivable from tenants due to late payments, security deposits, advance rentals and office supplies.

10. ACCOUNTS AND OTHER PAYABLES

This account consists of:

Accounts payable	
Supplier	₱ 198,073
Contractors	26,442
Accrued expenses	144,815
Deferred output vat	85,322
Retention payable	4,889
Other payable	39,589
	₱ 499,130

Accounts payable - suppliers

Accounts payable - suppliers represent agency fees, construction materials, marketing collaterals, office supplies and property and equipment ordered and delivered but not yet due. These are expected to be settled within the year.

Accounts payable - contractors

Accounts payable - contractors pertain to contractors' billings for construction services related to the development of various projects of the Company. These are expected to be settled within the year.

Deferred output VAT

Deferred output VAT pertains to the output VAT on receivables from the Company's leasing operations. This amount is presented as output VAT upon collection of the receivables.

Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses represent the accrual for agency services, janitorial services, repairs and maintenance, utilities, security services, rental, salaries and employee benefits, professional fees and other administrative expenses as well as marketing and advertising expenses, which are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

Current portion of retention payable

Retention payable pertains to 10.00% retention from the contractors' progress billings which will be released after the completion of contractors' project. The retention serves as a holdout amount withheld from the contractor to cover for back charges that may arise from quality issues in affected projects.

Other payables

Other payables include dues from remittance to Social Security System, Philippine Health Insurance Corporation, Home Development Mutual Fund, withholding taxes and various payables. These are noninterest-bearing and are normally settled within one year.

11. SECURITY DEPOSITS AND ADVANCE RENT

Security deposits and advance rent consists of:

	September 30, 2023
Security deposits	₽371,679
Advance rent	181,868
	₽553,547

Security deposits

Security deposits represent deposits required by lease agreements. These can be recovered upon termination of the lease agreement through refund or application to unpaid rent and/or other charges. Current portion are for those contracts with end date within one year from balance sheet date.

Advance rent

Advance rent includes three-month advance rental paid by lessee as required under lease contract. These will be applied to the first or last 2 to 4-month rental depending on the contract terms of the related lease contract. These also include overpayments made by lessee against its monthly billings which will applied to future billings. Current portion are those to be applied within one year from financial reporting date.

12. EQUITY

Capital Stock

The details of the Company's capital stock as at September 30, 2023 follow:

Common

Authorized shares	15,000,000,000
Par value per share	₱ 1.00
Issued and outstanding shares	7,500,000,000
Value of shares issued	₽ 7,500,000,000

Registration Track Record

VREIT, the reporting entity, has an authorized capital stock of 15,000,000,000 shares with par value of ₱1.00 per share as of September 30, 2023.

On March 14, 2022, the SEC approved the increase in VREIT's authorized capital stock from P2,000,000,000 divided into 2,000,000,000 shares with par value of P1.00 each to P15,000,000,000 divided into 15,000,000,000 shares with par value of P1.00 per share. Accordingly, the Company subsequently issued 7,500,000,000 common shares at its par value of P1.00 per share (see Note 1).

As of December 31, 2021, the Company's authorized capital stock comprises 2,000,000,000 common shares at ₱1 par value per share. Accordingly, in 2021, the related subscriptions of ₱510.00 million were issued with 510,000,000 common shares at its par value of ₱1.00 per share.

On June 15, 2022, the Company offered and sold to the public its 2,500,000,000 secondary common shares with an Overallotment Option of up to 250,000,000 secondary common shares at ₱1.75 per share. The shares are listed and traded on the Main Board of PSE under the trading symbol "VREIT".

Retained Earnings

In accordance with Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, the Company's retained earnings available for dividend declaration as at September 30, 2023, after reconciling items, amounted to ₱330.73 million.

As at September 30, 2023, the Company has no unpaid dividends.

<u>Distributable Income</u>

The computation of the distributable income of the Company as at September 30, 2023 is shown below:

Net Income	₱13,894 , 250
Add: Fair value change in investment properties	(12,329,147)
Less: Straight-line adjustments	642,591
Net income attributable to Jan-Sep 2023	591,782
Distributable Income	₱330,730

13. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

This account consists of:

Light and power	₱ 115 , 493	
Outside services	93,914	
Taxes and licenses	72,747	
Management fees	54,700	
Repairs and maintenance	47,967	
Rentals	46,970	
Insurance	17,690	
Professional fees	13,851	
Depreciation	6,734	
Representation and entertainment	2,778	
	₱ 472,844	

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share were computed as follows:

Net income	₱ 13,894,250
Divided by weighted outstanding common	
Shares	7,500,000
	₱ 1.853

Diluted earnings per share was not determined since the Company does not have potential dilutive shares as of September 30, 2023.

15. OTHER MATTERS AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Dividend Declaration

On November 14, 2023, the BOD of the Company approved the declaration of regular cash dividends for the third quarter of 2023 amounting to \$\mathbb{P}300\$ million or \$\mathbb{P}0.0400\$ per share. The dividend declarations are in favor of all stockholders of record as of December 14, 2023 and payable on January 09, 2024.

Financial Soundness Indicator

Below are the financial ratios that are relevant to the Company for the period ended September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. Audited

		Unaudited September 30, 2023	Audited December 31, 2022
Current ratio	Current assets Current liabilities	- 1.71	1.64
Acid test ratio	Quick asset ¹ Current liabilities	- 0.034	1.54
Solvency ratio	Net income + Depreciation Total liabilities	- 13.205	-
Debt ratio	Interest bearing debt Total assets		-
Asset to equity ratio	Total assets Total equity	- 1.027	1.05
Interest service coverage ratio	EBITDA ² Total interest paid		-
Return on equity	Net income ⁴ Total equity	- 0.47	(0.37)
Return on assets	Net income ⁴ Average total assets ³	- 0.547	(0.69)
Net profit margin	Net income Net revenue	6.715	(4.58)

¹Includes Cash in Bank only

²Earnings before provision for income tax

³Average of total assets as at current year and preceding year ⁴Annualized

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of operations covering nine months ended September 30, 2023 vs. nine months ended September 30, 2022

Revenues

Revenues increased to ₱2,069.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱1,799 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The 15.0% increase in the account was primarily attributable to the non-operation in January 01 to March 15, 2022 and the transfer of the assets to the Company in March 16, 2022 as well as the following:

- Rental income increased by 10.0% from ₱1,734.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to ₱1,908.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increase was due to the increase in escalation rates. As of September 30, 2023, the occupancy rate is at 97%.
- Parking fees increased by 297.3% to ₱30.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱7.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 primarily driven by the increase in numbers of vehicles parked in the malls.
- Other operating income increased from ₱56.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to ₱130.56 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The 130.4% increase was due to the increase in administrative fees and other fees charged to tenants.

Fair value changes in investment properties

Fair value changes in investment properties recorded a gain of ₱12,329.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from nil for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 attributable to:

- Fair value changes in investment properties increased by 100% to ₱12,973 million for the six months ended September 30, 2023 from nil for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due to the recognition of the change on the appraisal value of the investment properties.
- Straight line adjustments increased by 100% to ₱642.59 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from nil for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due rental escalation of lease contracts recognized on a straight line basis for the year.

Costs and Expenses

Cost and expenses increased from ₱223.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to ₱504.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The 125.9% increase in the account was primarily attributable to the following:

- General and administrative expenses increased by 135.2% to ₱472.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱201 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due to the increases in utilities, outside services and taxes and licenses.
- Marketing expenses increased by 289.8% to ₱19.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due to the increase in advertising and promotion.

• Other operating expenses decreased by 28.8% to ₱12.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱17.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due to the decrease in miscellaneous expenses and office supplies used for the period.

Other Income

Interest income increased from ₱0.639 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to ₱0.79 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The 23.5% increase resulted from the interest earned from the increase in cash in banks of the company for the period.

Income before income tax

As a result of the foregoing, income before income tax increased by 781.7% to ₱13,894 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱1,575.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Provision for income tax

Tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was ₱0.006 million, a decrease of 100% from ₱45.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. This was due primarily to the REIT Law granting the Company an exemption on the tax.

Net Income

As a result of the foregoing, net income increased by 808% to ₱13,894 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱1,530.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

For the nine months ended, except as discussed in the notes to financial statements Events after the report date on the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, there were no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company. Neither were there any trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material impact on the net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations. The Company is not aware of events that will cause a material change in the relationship between the costs and revenues.

There are no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations.

Financial Condition as of September 30, 2023 vs. December 31, 2022

Total assets as of September 30, 2023 are ₱40,230.17 million compared to ₱27,518.80 million as of December 31, 2022, or a 46.2% increase. This was due to the following:

- Cash decreased by 60.0% from ₱88.96 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱35.56 million as of September 30, 2023 due to cash outflow from the operations and financing activity for the period.
- Receivables increased by 87.2% from \$\mathbb{P}\$1,238.05 million as of December 31, 2022 to \$\mathbb{P}\$2,317.9 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the increase in receivables from tenants and accrued rent receivables.
- Due from related parties decreased by 61.2% from ₱1,176.93 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱456.85 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the settlement for the period.
- Other assets increased by 18% from ₱159.82 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱188.64 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the increase in input vat, cwt and prepaid expenses.
- Property and equipment decreased by 26% from ₱18.14 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱13.41 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the depreciation of properties and equipment.
- Investment Properties increased by 49.8% from ₱24,836.89 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱37,217.81 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the change in fair value of the investment properties particularly from the straight-line adjustment.

Total liabilities as of September 30, 2023 are ₱1,052.68 million compared to ₱1,355.06 million as of December 31, 2022, or a 22.3% decrease. This was due to the following:

- Accounts and other payables increased by 102.8% from ₱246.17 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱499.13 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the increase in payable to suppliers of the commercial malls and withholding tax payable.
- Security deposits and advance rent including noncurrent portion decreased by 6.1% from ₱629.13 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱553.55 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the application of security deposits and advance rent of the tenants.
- Payable to related parties decreased by 100% from ₱274.61 million as of December 31, 2022 to nil as of September 30, 2023 due to the settlement for the period.
- Dividends payable decreased by 100.0% from ₱175.01 million as of December 31, 2022 to nil as of September 30, 2023 due to the dividends paid to the shareholders.

Total stockholder's equity increased by 49.7% from ₱26,163.74 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱39,177.49 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the income earned for the period.

Top Five (5) Key Performance Indicators

Considered as the top five key performance indicators of the Company as shown below:

Key Performance Indicators	09/30/2023	12/31/2022
Current ratio (a)	1.71:1	1.64:1
Debt ratio (b)	0.00:1	0.00:1

Key Performance Indicators	09/30/2023	09/30/2022
Return on equity (c)	35%	4%
Net Profit Margin (d)	671%	85%
EBITDA (e)	13,901,103.01	1,579,299.11

Notes:

- (a) Current Ratio is computed by dividing the Current Assets of the Company by its Current liabilities.
- (b) Debt Ratio is computed by dividing interest bearing debt by the total assets. Interest bearing debt includes current and noncurrent portion of Bank loans.
- (c) Return on equity is computed by dividing annualized net income by the total annualized equity.
- (d) Net Profit Margin is computed by dividing the net income by the total revenue.
- (e) EBITDA is computed as net income before interest expense, provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization.

Because there are various calculation methods for the performance indicators above, the Company's presentation of such may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

Current ratio as of September 30, 2023 increased from that of December 31, 2022 due to the decrease in current assets and current liabilities.

Return on equity increased due to the higher net income for the period.

Net Profit Margin increased due to the higher revenue but lower costs and expenses for the year.

EBITDA increased due to the higher net income for the year.

Material Changes to the Company's Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2023 compared to December 31, 2022 (increase/decrease of 5% or more)

Cash decreased by 60.0% from ₱88.96 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱35.56 million as of September 30, 2023 due to cash outflow from the operations and financing activity for the period.

Receivables increased by 87.2% from ₱1,238.05 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱2,317.9 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the increase in receivables from tenants and accrued rent receivables.

Due from related parties decreased by 61.2% from ₱1,176.93 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱456.85 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the settlement for the period.

Other assets increased by 18% from ₱159.82 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱188.64 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the increase in input vat, cwt and prepaid expenses.

Property and equipment decreased by 26% from ₱18.14 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱13.41 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the depreciation of properties and equipment.

Investment Properties increased by 49.8% from ₱24,836.89 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱37,217.81 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the change in fair value of the investment properties particularly from the straight-line adjustment.

Accounts and other payables increased by 102.8% from ₱246.17 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱499.13 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the increase in payable to suppliers of the commercial malls and withholding tax payable.

Security deposits and advance rent including noncurrent portion decreased by 6.1% from \$\mathbb{P}629.13\$ million as of December 31, 2022 to \$\mathbb{P}553.55\$ million as of September 30, 2023 due to the application of security deposits and advance rent of the tenants.

Payable to related parties decreased by 100% from ₱274.61 million as of December 31, 2022 to nil as of September 30, 2023 due to the settlement for the period.

Dividends payable decreased by 100.0% from ₱175.01 million as of December 31, 2022 to nil as of September 30, 2023 due to the dividends paid to the shareholders.

Total stockholder's equity increased by 49.7% from ₱26,163.74 million as of December 31, 2022 to ₱39,177.49 million as of September 30, 2023 due to the income earned for the period.

Material Changes to the Company's Statement of income for the period ended September 30, 2023 compared to the period ended September 30, 2022 (increase/decrease of 5% or more)

Rental income increased by 10.0% from ₱1,734.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to ₱1,908.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The increase was due to the increase in escalation rates. As of September 30, 2023, the occupancy rate is at 97%.

Parking fees increased by 297.3% to ₱30.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱7.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 primarily driven by the increase in numbers of vehicles parked in the malls.

Other operating income increased from \$\mathbb{P}\$56.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to \$\mathbb{P}\$130.56 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The 130.4% increase was due to the increase in administrative fees and other fees charged to tenants.

Fair value changes in investment properties increased by 100% to ₱12,973 million for the six months ended September 30, 2023 from nil for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due to the recognition of the change on the appraisal value of the investment properties.

Straight line adjustments increased by 100% to \$\mathbb{P}642.59\$ million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from nil for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due rental escalation of lease contracts recognized on a straight line basis for the year.

General and administrative expenses increased by 135.2% to ₱472.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱201 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due to the increases in utilities, outside services and taxes and licenses.

Marketing expenses increased by 289.8% to ₱19.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from ₱5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due to the increase in advertising and promotion.

Other operating expenses decreased by 28.8% to \$\mathbb{P}\$12.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$\mathbb{P}\$17.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due to the decrease in miscellaneous expenses and office supplies used for the period.

Interest income increased from ₱0.639 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to ₱0.79 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The 23.5% increase resulted from the interest earned from the increase in cash in banks of the company for the period.

For the period ended September 30, 2023, there were no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company. Neither were there any trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material impact on the net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations. The Company is not aware of events that will cause a material change in the relationship between the costs and revenues.

There are no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the Company's continuing operations.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

There are no material commitments for capital expenditures.

Except for the recovery as a result of the opening up of the economy, there are no known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or income from continuing operations.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is contingently liable for guarantees arising in the ordinary course of business, including surety bonds, letters of guarantee for performance and bonds for its entire real estate project.

There are no known trends or demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in increasing or decreasing the Company's liquidity in any material way. The Company sourced its capital requirements through internally generated cash.

The Company does not expect any material cash requirements beyond the normal course of the business. The Company is not in default or breach of any note, loan, lease or other indebtedness or financing arrangement requiring it to make payments.

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation except for those items disclosed in the 9-months of 2023 Financial Statements.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligation (including contingent obligations), or other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period except those disclosed in the 9-months of 2023 Financial Statements.

There are no material commitments for capital expenditures, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material impact on the continuing operations of the Company.

There were no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company. There are no explanatory comments on the seasonality of the operations. There are no material events subsequent to the end of the fiscal period that have not been reflected in the financial statements.

There are no material amounts affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows that are unusual in nature; neither are there changes in estimates of amounts reported in a prior period of the current financial year.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 3. 9-months of 2023 Developments

A. New Projects or Investments in another line of business or corporation.

None.

B. Composition of Board of Directors

Jerylle Luz C. Quismundo Chairman of the Board Manuel Paolo A. Villar Director and President

Melissa Camille Z. Domingo Director, CFO & Head of Investor Relations

Brian N. Edang Director

Justina F. Callangan Independent Director Leticia A. Moreno Independent Director Raul Juan N. Esteban Independent Director

C. Performance of the corporation or result/progress of operations.

Please see unaudited Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis.

D. Declaration of Dividends.

None.

E. Contracts of merger, consolidation or joint venture; contract of management, licensing, marketing, distributorship, technical assistance or similar agreements.

None.

F. Offering of rights, granting of Stock Options and corresponding plans therefore.

None.

G. Acquisition of additional mining claims or other capital assets or patents, formula, real estate.

None.

H. Other information, material events or happenings that may have affected or may affect market price of security.

None

I. Transferring of assets, except in normal course of business.

None, except for the discussion in Note 1.

Item 4. Other Notes as of the 9-months of 2023 Operations and Financials.

A.	Nature and amount of items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows that are unusual because of their nature, size, or incidents.
	None.

B. Nature and amount of changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior periods and their material effect in the current period.

There were no changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior interim period or prior financial years that have a material effect in the current interim period.

C. New financing through loans/ issuances, repurchases and repayments of debt and equity securities.

See Notes to Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis.

D. Material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period.

None.

E. The effect of changes in the composition of the issuer during the interim period including business combinations, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long term investments, restructurings, and discontinuing operations.

None.

F. Changes in contingent liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet date.

None.

G. Existence of material contingencies and other material events or transactions during the interim period.

None.

H. Events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

None.

I. Material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

None.

J. Material commitments for capital expenditures, general purpose and expected sources of funds.

None.

K.	Known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have
	impact on sales/revenues/income from continuing operations.

As of September 30, 2023, no known trends, events or uncertainties that are reasonably expected to have impact on sales/revenues/income from continuing operations except for those being disclosed in the first nine months of 2023 financial statements.

	disclosed in the first nine months of 2023 financial statements.
L.	Significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from continuing operations.

None.

Μ.	Causes f	for a	ny	material	change/s	from	period	to	period	in	one	or	more	line	items	of	the
	financial	l stat	eme	ents													

None.

N. Seasonal aspects that had material effect on the financial condition or results of operations

None.

O. Disclosures not made under SEC Form 17-C.

None.

VistaREIT, Inc. Aging of Accounts Receivable September 30, 2023

Tunes of Dessivebles	Total	Current/		Individually				
Types of Receivables	Totai	Not Yet Due	< 30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	> 120 days	Impaired
Account Receivable from Tenants	1,145,809,681	246,363,434	135,018,091	-	727,944,023	36,484,132	-	-
Accrued Rent Receivable	1,172,089,768	1,172,089,768	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from related parties	1,244,934,126	-	-	-	-	-	1,244,934,126	-
Other Receivables	158,452,385	-	-	158,452,385	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	3,721,285,960	1,418,453,202	135,018,091	158,452,385	727,944,023	36,484,132	1,244,934,126	-
	-						-	

Disclosure for REIT Companies¹

(a) Real Estate Transactions for the Third Quarter of 2023

The Company did not enter into any real estate transaction during the third quarter of 2023.

(b) Schedule of Properties as of 30 September 2023

Property and Location	Latest Appraisal ²	Remaining Land Lease Term	Gross Leasable Area (GLA)	Leased Area	Occupancy Rate	Rental Income	Gross Revenue	Cost and Expenses	EBIT
	in Php millions	Years	in sqm	in sqm	%	in Php millions	in Php millions	in Php millions	in Php millions
Vistamall Las Piñas Main	3,193.20	23.50	20,605.02	20,562.08	100%	147.37	1,104.45	52.17	1,052.28
Starmall Las Pinas - Annex	1,021.03	23.50	6,227.53	6,145.38	99%	20.53	161.15	7.53	153.62
Starmall San Jose del Monte	5,488.39	23.50	35,664.93	34,221.20	96%	297.87	2,508.73	125.12	2,383.60
SOMO - A Vista Mall	4,230.56	23.50	31,849.91	30,354.40	95%	468.38	3,553.40	58.59	3,494.81
Vistahub Molino	2,724.41	23.50	15,631.08	15,631.08	100%	75.80	554.35	20.84	533.51
Starmall Talisay - Cebu	3,115.45	23.50	19,643.57	19,643.57	100%	204.89	1,415.38	29.12	1,386.26
Starmall - Imus	1,657.46	23.50	12,778.45	12,404.93	97%	132.43	906.28	12.37	893.91
Vistamall General Trias	2,827.18	19.00	26,638.45	25,589.39	96%	129.28	903.81	35.36	868.45
Vistamall Tanza	2,862.36	19.00	25,012.82	23,221.71	93%	124.94	863.47	35.80	827.67
Vistamall Pampanga	3,335.12	23.50	25,526.84	24,038.63	94%	87.44	702.04	52.40	649.64
Vistahub BGC	6,077.59	-	20,742.42	20,143.14	97%	152.67	1,226.41	50.80	1,175.62
Vistamall Antipolo	1,735.49	23.50	16,082.93	15,479.01	96%	66.97	498.94	24.73	474.21
TOTAL	38,268.25		256,403.95	247,434.52	97%	1,908.56	14,398.41	504.83	13,893.58

(c) Reinvestment Plan Progress Reports as of 30 June 2023

Copies of the Reinvestment Plan Progress Reports as of 30 September 2023 and Final Report as of 06 October 2023 are attached as Annexes.

¹ Pursuant to Section 6.2 of the Amended Listing Rules for REITs

² June 30, 2023

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 17 of the SRC and Section 141 of the Corporation Code, this report is signed on behalf of the issuer by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

VISTAREIT, INC.

Issuer

By:

MELISSA CAMILLE Z. DOMINGO

CFO & Head, Investor Relations

Date: November 14, 2023

COVER SHEET

SEC Registration Number

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER

1.	October 16, 2023 Date of Report (Date of earliest event reporte	d)	
2.	SEC Identification Number <u>CS202006725</u>		
3.	BIR Tax Identification No. <u>010-510-144-000</u>		
4.	VISTAREIT, INC. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter	r	
5.	Philippines	6.	(SEC Use Only)
	Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification (Code:
7.	Lower Ground Floor, Building B, Evia Lifesty Almanza Dos, Las Piñas City Address of principal office	le Center, Daang Hari,	<u>1750</u> Postal Code
8.	(02)89944377 Issuer's telephone number, including area cod	le	
9.	N/A Former name or former address, if changed si	ince last report	
10.	. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 a	nd 12 of the SRC or Section	ons 4 and 8 of the RSA
	Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Outstanding and Amoun	
	Common stock	7,500,000	,000
11.	. Indicate the item numbers reported herein: .		
	Item No. 9 - Other Events		
	Please find attached the 2023 3 rd qua plication of proceeds from the Initial Public Of Secondary Offering.		
	Thank you.		
_			

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

VISTAREIT, INC. Issuer

October 16, 2023 Date

MECISSA CAN LE Z. DOMINGO CFO & Head, Investor Relations



October 16, 2023

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

Philippine Stock Exchange Plaza 6th Floor, PSE Tower Bonifacio Global City, Taguig

Attention:

Ms. Alexandra D. Tom Wong

OIC, Disclosure Department

Subject:

2023 Third Quarter Progress Report on the Application of Proceeds

from the Initial Public Offering ("IPO") of VistaREIT, Inc.

via Secondary Offering

Dear Ms. Tom Wong,

In compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange, we submit herewith our 2023 third quarter progress report on the application of proceeds received from the sale of shares owned by the subsidiaries of Vista Land & Lifescapes, Inc. (Manuela Corporation, Masterpiece Asia Properties, Inc., Crown Asia Properties, Inc., Vista Residences, Inc., and Communities Pampanga, Inc., collectively as "the Sponsors") in VistaREIT, Inc. via secondary offering for the period covering July 01 to September 30, 2023. Further attached is the report of VLLI's external auditor.

As of September 30, 2023, the remaining balance of the proceeds from the secondary offering amounts to Forty-Five Million Four Hundred Fourteen Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-One Pesos (P45,414,371).

The details are as follows:

Net Balance of IPO proceeds as of June 30, 2023 Less: Disbursement for Reinvestment Plan (Annex A) Net Balance of IPO proceeds as of September 30, 2023

P1,133,737,882 (1,088,323,511)

P45,414,371

Thank you!

(Signature page follows)











Very thuly yours,

Brian N. Edang The Sponsors CFO/Treasurer Melissa Camille Z. Domingo

VistaREIT, Inc.

CFO & Head, Investor Relations

Signature Page to the 2023 3^{rd} Quarter Progress Report on the Application of Proceeds from the Initial Public Offering ("IPO") of VistaREIT, Inc. via Secondary Offering

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
CITY OF MANDALUYONG) S.S.

Name Passport ID No. Date and Place of Issue

The Sponsors

Represented by:
Brian N. Edang P9937644A 14 Dec 18 at DFA NCR East

VistaREIT, Inc.

Represented by:
Melissa Camille Z. Domingo P7271420B 26 Jul 21 at DFA Manila

known to me and to me known to be the same persons who executed the foregoing agreement and who acknowledged to me that the same is their free will and voluntary act and deed that of the corporation they represent.

WITNESS MY HAND AND NOTARIAL SEAL on the date and place first above written.

Doc. No. 426; Page No. 87; Book No. 11 ; Series of 2023.

ATTY, ARBIN OMAR P. CARINO

NOTARY PUBLIC UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2024 BOLLING, 57146

PTR No. 5 110 05 / F.4 Jan. 2023 / Mandaluyong City
MCLE Comply on For VI-0020273 issued dated 03 June 2022
Notodal Comply Complete Content Appointment No. 0388-23
Vista Comprate Center, Upper Ground Floor,
Worldwide Corporate Center, Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City

Annex A: Disbursements for the period 3rd Quarter 2023

Project	Amount Spent	Disbursing Entity
Vista Estate	P 267,859	Household Development Corporation
Vista Estate	375,101	Household Development Corporation
Vista Estate	11,407,691	Communities Ilocos, Inc.
Vista Estate	4,261,740	Communities llocos, Inc.
Vista Estate	1,429,629	Household Development Corporation
Vista Estate	13,839,340	Household Development Corporation
Vista Estate	12,819,337	Household Development Corporation
Vista Estate	4,506,420	Communities Pampanga, Inc.
Vista Estate	1,447,790	Communities Bulacan, Inc.
Vista Estate	9,950,442	Communities Cagayan, Inc.
Hawthorne Heights	141,712,300	
Vista Pointe	39,478,105	Vista Residences, Inc.
Vista Recto	9,191,398	Vista Residences, Inc.
Plumeria Heights	132,394,317	Vista Residences, Inc.
Spectrum	141,046,271	Crown Asia Properties, Inc.
Valenza Mansions	19,301,555	Crown Asia Properties, Inc.
Hermosa	38,055,481	Household Development Corporation
The Courtyard	42,524,976	Household Development Corporation
Costa Vista Boracay (Condo)	941,776	Vista Residences, Inc.
Vidarte (Antipolo/Condo)	22,028,419	Household Development Corporation
Suarez Vertical (Condo)	114,599,929	Vista Residences, Inc.
Canyon Hill Condo	36,246,825	Vista Residences, Inc.
Pine Hill Condo	62,623,342	Vista Residences, Inc.
SkyArt (Condo)	63,162,086	Vista Residences, Inc.
Tagaytay Alpine (Condo)	37,546,244	Brittany Corporation
Bradbury (Condo)	127,165,138	Vista Residences, Inc.
TOTAL	P1,088,323,511	



SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 8891 0307 6760 Ayala Avenue Fax: (632) 8819 0872 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

ey.com/ph

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT ON THE 2023 THIRD QUARTER PROGRESS REPORT ON THE APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS FROM THE INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING VIA SECONDARY OFFERING

VistaREIT, INC.

Lower Ground Floor, Building B, Evia Lifestyle Center, Daang Hari, Almanza Dos

Attention: Mr. Brian N. Edang

Chief Financial Officer and Head of Investor Relations

Vista Land & Lifescapes, Inc.

Ms. Melissa Camille Z. Domingo

Chief Financial Officer and Head of Investor Relations

VistaREIT, Inc.

Dear Mr. Edang and Ms. Domingo:

Purpose of this Agreed-Upon Procedures

We have performed the procedures, which were agreed to by VistaREIT, Inc. (the "Company") and enumerated below with respect to 2023 Third Quarter Progress Report on the Application of Proceeds from the Initial Public Offering ("IPO") of the Company via Secondary Offering ("Subject Matter") for the three months ended September 30, 2023. Our report is solely for the purpose of assisting the Company in complying with the requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) relating to the application of proceeds from the sale of shares of the Company via secondary offering, and this may not be suitable for another purpose.

Restrictions on Use

This Agreed-Upon Procedures Report ("AUP Report") is intended solely for the information and use of the Company and the PSE and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone else.

Responsibilities of the Company

The Company has acknowledged that the agreed-upon procedures are appropriate for the purpose of the engagement.

The Company is responsible for the Subject Matter on which the agreed-upon procedures are performed. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Company.



Practitioner's Responsibilities

We have conducted the agreed-upon procedures engagement in accordance with the Philippine Standard on Related Services 4400 (Revised), *Agreed-Upon Procedures Engagement (PSRS 4400 Revised)*. An agreed-upon procedures engagement involves us performing the procedures that have been agreed with the Company, and reporting the findings, which are the factual results of the agreed-upon procedures performed. We make no representation regarding the appropriateness, or the sufficiency of the agreed-upon procedures described below either for the purpose for which this AUP Report has been requested or for any other purpose.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement is not an assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion or an assurance conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported.

Professional Ethics and Quality Control

In performing the Agreed-Upon Procedures engagement, we complied with the ethical requirements in the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics). We are not required to be independent for the purpose of this engagement. We are the independent auditor of the Company and therefore we also complied with the independence requirements of the Code of Ethics that apply in context of the financial statements audit.

Our firm applies Philippine Standard on Quality Control 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Financial Statements, and Other Assurance and Related Service Engagements, and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Procedures and Findings

We have performed the procedures described below, which were agreed upon with the Company in the terms of engagement dated October 11, 2023, on the Subject Matter.

We report our findings below:

- Obtained the 2023 Third Quarter Progress Report on the Application of Proceeds from the Initial Public Offering of the Company via Secondary Offering for the three months ended September 30, 2023 (the "Schedule") and checked the mathematical accuracy of the Schedule. We did not note any difference.
- 2. We compared the disbursements in the Schedule with the schedule of application of proceeds for the three months ended September 30, 2023. We did not note any difference.
- 3. Selected at least 75% of the total amount of disbursements based on highest to lowest value of transactions. The samples selected were traced to the supporting documents such as progress billings, bank statements, invoices and official receipts, and agreed the amount to the accounting records. We noted that the total disbursements amounted to ₱1,088,323,511 for the three-month period from July 1, 2023 to September 30, 2023. We did not note any exceptions.



4. Selected at least 75% of the total amount of disbursements based on highest to lowest value of transactions. Compared the nature of these samples as indicated in the 2023 Third Quarter Progress Report to the nature of disbursements provided in the schedule of planned use of proceeds from the Secondary Offering. We did not note any exceptions.

Explanatory Paragraph

The Company is responsible for the source documents that are described in the specified procedures and related findings section. We were not engaged to perform and we have not performed any procedures other than those previously listed. We have not performed procedures to test the accuracy or completeness of the information provided to us except as indicated in our procedures.

Furthermore, we have not performed any procedures with respect to the preparation of any of the source documents.

This AUP report relates only to the 2023 Third Quarter Progress Report for the three months ended September 30, 2023, as specified above and do not extend to the financial statements of the Company, taken as a whole.

We undertake no responsibility to update this AUP report for events and circumstances occurring after AUP report is issued.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Yamael S. Acosta

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 112825

Asacosta

Tax Identification No. 301-106-775

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, August 25, 2021, valid until April 15, 2024

SEC Partner Accreditation No. 112825-SEC (Group A)

Valid to cover audit of 2021 to 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions SEC Firm Accreditation No. 0001-SEC (Group A)

Valid to cover audit of 2021 to 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-130-2020, November 27, 2020, valid until November 26, 2023 PTR No. 9369766, January 3, 2023, Makati City

October 16, 2023

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Name	PRC ID No.	Place of Issue and Va	alid Until
BEFORE ME, a Notary Public personally appeared the follow			OCT 1 6 2023
CITY OF MANDALUYONG) S.S.		

known to me and to me known to be the same persons who executed the foregoing agreement and who acknowledged to me that the same is their free will and voluntary act and deed that of the corporation they represent.

0112825

WITNESS MY HAND AND NOTARIAL SEAL on the date and place first above written.

Doc. No. 1177; Page No. 87; Book No. XIV; Series of 2023.

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Ysmael S. Acosta

ATTY, AREIN OMAR P. CARINO NOTARY PUBLIC

PRC valid until 06 Sep 2025

UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2024

MCLS Communication Appointment No. 0388-23
Visia Corporate Center, Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City
Worldwide Corporate Center, Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City

COVER SHEET

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

CURRENT REPORT UNDER SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER

October 16, 2023 Date of Report (Date of earliest event report)	rted)
2. SEC Identification Number <u>CS202006725</u>	
3. BIR Tax Identification No. <u>010-510-144-00</u>	0
VISTAREIT, INC. Exact name of issuer as specified in its char	ter
5. Philippines	6. (SEC Use Only)
Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation	Industry Classification Code:
7. Lower Ground Floor, Building B, Evia Lifes Almanza Dos, Las Piñas City Address of principal office	style Center, Daang Hari, 1750 Postal Code
8. <u>(02)89944377</u> Issuer's telephone number, including area of	code
9. <u>N/A</u> Former name or former address, if changed	d since last report
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8	3 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA
Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
Common stock	7,500,000,000
11. Indicate the item numbers reported herein	n:
Item No. 9 - Other Events	
	ess report of VISTAREIT, INC. on the application o ") of its 2,750,000,000 common shares via Secondary
Thank you.	

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

VISTAREIT, INC.

Issuer

October 16, 2023 Date

MELISSA CAMILLE Z. DOMINGO CFO & Head, Investor Relations



October 16, 2023

THE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE, INC.

Philippine Stock Exchange Plaza 6th Floor, PSE Tower Bonifacio Global City, Taguig

Attention:

Ms. Alexandra D. Tom Wong

OIC, Disclosure Department

Subject:

Final Report on the Application of Proceeds

from the Initial Public Offering ("IPO") of VistaREIT, Inc.

via Secondary Offering

Dear Ms. Tom Wong,

In compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange, we submit herewith our final report on the application of the net proceeds received from the sale of shares owned by the subsidiaries of Vista Land & Lifescapes, Inc. (Manuela Corporation, Masterpiece Asia Properties, Inc., Crown Asia Properties, Inc., Vista Residences, Inc., and Communities Pampanga, Inc., collectively as "the Sponsors") in VistaREIT, Inc. on June 15, 2022 via secondary offering amounting to Four Billion Four Hundred Forty-One Million One Thousand Nine Hundred Fifty-Seven Pesos (P4,441,001,957). Further attached is the report of VLLI's external auditor.

As of October 06, 2023, the Sponsors already disbursed the total net proceeds amounting to Four Billion Four Hundred Forty-One Million One Thousand Nine Hundred Fifty-Seven Pesos (P4,441,001,957).

The details are as follows:

Net Balance of IPO proceeds as of October 06, 2023	P0.00
Less: Disbursement for Reinvestment Plan (Annex A)	(4,441,001,957)
Net proceeds received	P4,441,001,957
Disbursements for transaction costs	(36,888,929)
Underwriters and IPO related fees	(157,426,159)
Less: Utilized stabilization fund	(177,182,955)
Gross Proceeds from the IPO	₱4,812,500,000

Thank you!

(Signature page follows)











Very truly yours,

Brian N. Edang The Sponsors CFO/Treasurer Melissa Camille Z. Domingo

VistaREIT, Inc.

CFO & Head, Investor Relations

Signature Page to the Final Report on the Application of Proceeds from the Initial Public Offering ("IPO") of VistaREIT, Inc. via Secondary Offering

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES CITY OF MANDALUYONG)) S.S.		
	, 5.5.		
BEFORE ME, a Notary Public for and personally appeared the following with	in the City of	PALLYONG CITY, Philippines on	
Name	Passport ID No.	Date and Place of Issue	
The Sponsors			
Represented by:			
Brian N. Edang	P9937644A	14 Dec 18 at DFA NCR East	
VistaREIT, Inc. Represented by:			
Melissa Camille Z. Domingo	P7271420B	26 Jul 21 at DFA Manila	
known to me and to me known to be the acknowledged to me that the same is the they represent.	e same persons who ex eir free will and volur	ecuted the foregoing agreement and who ntary act and deed that of the corporation	
WITNESS MY HAND AND NOTARI.	AL SEAL on the date	and place first above written.	
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Series of 2023.	N	OTARY PUBLIC	
		ICLL No. 57146	
	IBP Lifeth	me Member No. 018537 (04 Jan. 2023 / Mandaluyong City	
N	ICLE Compliance No. \	/II-0020373 Issued dated 03 June 2022	
	Netarial Commit	ssion Appointment No. 0388-23 e Center, Upper Ground Floor,	
	Worldwide Corporate (Center, Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City	

Annex A: Disbursements from the IPO Net Proceeds

Project	Amount Spent	Disbursing Entity					
Vista Estate	₱13,910,608	Masterpiece Asia Properties, Inc.					
Vista Estate	37,209,011	Masterpiece Asia Properties, Inc.					
Vista Estate	2,258,700	Masterpiece Asia Properties, Inc.					
Vista Estate	2,548,921	Masterpiece Asia Properties, Inc.					
Vista Estate	24,767,768	Masterpiece Asia Properties, Inc.					
Vista Estate	10,979,714 Masterpiece Asia Properties,						
Vista Estate	322,679 Household Development Co						
Vista Estate	704,531	Household Development Corporation					
Vista Estate	835,694 Household Development Corp						
Vista Estate	29,804,913 Communities Ilocos, Inc.						
Vista Estate	4,695,425 Communities Ilocos, Inc.						
Vista Estate	7,902,857	Household Development Corporation					
Vista Estate	175,234,352	Household Development Corporation					
Vista Estate	93,896,015	Household Development Corporation					
Vista Estate	8,598,665	Communities Pampanga, Inc.					
Vista Estate	4,858,276	Communities Bulacan, Inc.					
Vista Estate	44,261,516	Communities Cagayan, Inc.					
Hawthorne Heights	744,451,807	Vista Residences, Inc.					
Vista Pointe	370,422,189	Vista Residences, Inc.					
Vista Recto	101,477,138	Vista Residences, Inc.					
Plumeria Heights	872,893,698	Vista Residences, Inc.					
Spectrum	361,985,986	Crown Asia Properties, Inc.					
Valenza Mansions	26,158,882	Crown Asia Properties, Inc.					
Hermosa	243,204,408	Household Development Corporation					
The Courtyard	81,989,401	Household Development Corporation					
The Courtyard	127,306,440	Household Development Corporation					
Costa Vista Boracay (Condo)	5,067,266	Vista Residences, Inc.					
Vidarte (Antipolo/Condo)	30,494,706	Household Development Corporation					
Suarez Vertical (Condo)	342,981,380	Vista Residences, Inc.					
Canyon Hill Condo	40,804,741	Vista Residences, Inc.					
Pine Hill Condo	121,826,851	Vista Residences, Inc.					
SkyArt (Condo)	125,427,739	Vista Residences, Inc.					
Tagaytay Alpine (Condo)	122,519,635	Brittany Corporation					
Bradbury (Condo)	259,200,045	Vista Residences, Inc.					
TOTAL	P 4,441,001,957						



SyCip Gorres Velayo & Co. Tel: (632) 8891 0307 6760 Ayala Avenue 1226 Makati City Philippines

Fax: (632) 8819 0872 ev.com/ph

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT ON THE FINAL REPORT ON THE APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS FROM THE INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING VIA SECONDARY OFFERING

VistaREIT, Inc.

Lower Ground Floor, Building B, Evia Lifestyle Center, Daang Hari, Almanza Dos

Attention:

Mr. Brian N. Edang

Chief Financial Officer and Head of Investor Relations

Vista Land & Lifescapes, Inc.

Ms. Melissa Camille Z. Domingo

Chief Financial Officer and Head of Investor Relations

VistaREIT, Inc.

Dear Mr. Edang and Ms. Domingo:

Purpose of this Agreed-Upon Procedures

We have performed the procedures, which were agreed to by VistaREIT, Inc. (the "Company") and enumerated below with respect to the Final Report on the Application of Proceeds from the Initial Public Offering ("IPO") of the Company via Secondary Offering ("Subject Matter") for the period covered June 15, 2022 to October 6, 2023. Our report is solely for the purpose of assisting the Company in complying with the requirements of the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) relating to the application of proceeds from the sale of shares of the Company via secondary offering, and this may not be suitable for another purpose.

Restrictions on Use

This Agreed-Upon Procedures Report ("AUP Report") is intended solely for the information and use of the Company and the PSE and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone else.

Responsibilities of the Company

The Company has acknowledged that the agreed-upon procedures are appropriate for the purpose of the engagement.

The Company is responsible for the Subject Matter on which the agreed-upon procedures are performed. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Company.



Practitioner's Responsibilities

We have conducted the agreed-upon procedures engagement in accordance with the Philippine Standard on Related Services 4400 (Revised), *Agreed-Upon Procedures Engagement (PSRS 4400 Revised)*. An agreed-upon procedures engagement involves us performing the procedures that have been agreed with the Company, and reporting the findings, which are the factual results of the agreed-upon procedures performed. We make no representation regarding the appropriateness, or the sufficiency of the agreed-upon procedures described below either for the purpose for which this AUP Report has been requested or for any other purpose.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement is not an assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion or an assurance conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported.

Professional Ethics and Quality Control

In performing the Agreed-Upon Procedures engagement, we complied with the ethical requirements in the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics). We are not required to be independent for the purpose of this engagement. We are the independent auditor of the Company and therefore we also complied with the independence requirements of the Code of Ethics that apply in context of the financial statements audit.

Our firm applies Philippine Standard on Quality Control 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Financial Statements, and Other Assurance and Related Service Engagements, and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Procedures and Findings

We have performed the procedures described below, which were agreed upon with the Company in the terms of engagement dated October 11, 2023, on the Subject Matter.

We report our findings below:

- Obtained the Final Report on the Application of Proceeds from the Initial Public Offering of the Company via Secondary Offering for the period covered June 15, 2022 to October 6, 2023 (the "Schedule") and checked the mathematical accuracy of the Schedule. We did not note any difference.
- 2. We compared the disbursements in the Schedule with the schedule of application of proceeds for the period covered June 15, 2022 to October 6, 2023. We did not note any difference.
- 3. Selected at least 77% of the total amount of disbursements based on highest to lowest value of transactions. The samples selected were traced to the supporting documents such as progress billings, bank statements, invoices and official receipts, and agreed the amount to the accounting records. We noted that the total disbursements amounted to \$\frac{1}{2}\$,441,001,957 for the period covered June 15, 2022 to October 6, 2023. We did not note any exceptions.



4. Selected at least 77% of the total amount of disbursements based on highest to lowest value of transactions. Compared the nature of these samples as indicated in the Final Report to the nature of disbursements provided in the schedule of planned use of proceeds from the Secondary Offering. We did not note any exceptions.

Explanatory Paragraph

The Company is responsible for the source documents that are described in the specified procedures and related findings section. We were not engaged to perform and we have not performed any procedures other than those previously listed. We have not performed procedures to test the accuracy or completeness of the information provided to us except as indicated in our procedures.

Furthermore, we have not performed any procedures with respect to the preparation of any of the source documents.

This AUP report relates only to the Final Report for the period covered June 15, 2022 to October 6, 2023, as specified above and do not extend to the financial statements of the Company, taken as a whole.

We undertake no responsibility to update this AUP report for events and circumstances occurring after AUP report is issued.

SYCIP GORRES VELAYO & CO.

Ymael S. Acosta

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 112825

Asacosta

Tax Identification No. 301-106-775

BOA/PRC Reg. No. 0001, August 25, 2021, valid until April 15, 2024

SEC Partner Accreditation No. 112825-SEC (Group A)

Valid to cover audit of 2021 to 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions SEC Firm Accreditation No. 0001-SEC (Group A)

Valid to cover audit of 2021 to 2025 financial statements of SEC covered institutions BIR Accreditation No. 08-001998-130-2020, November 27, 2020, valid until November 26, 2023 PTR No. 9369766, January 3, 2023, Makati City

October 16, 2023

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES CITY OF MANDALUYONG)) S.S.	
BEFORE ME, a Notary Public for and personally appeared the following with	d in the City of	tification, to wit:
Name	PRC ID No.	Place of Issue and Valid Until
Ysmael S. Acosta	0112825	PRC valid until 06 Sep 2025
	neir free will and vol	executed the foregoing agreement and who untary act and deed that of the corporation the and place first above written.
Doc. No; Page No; Book No; Series of 2023.	ATTY. ARBIN NOTAL NOTAL UNTIL DEC ROLL IBP Lifetime N R No. 5110655 / 04 J Compliance No. VII-00 Notarial Commission Vista Corporate Cer	OMAR P. CARIÑO LY PUBLIC LY BER 31, 2024 No. 57146 Lember No. 018537 an. 2023 / Mandaluyong City 20373 issued doted 03 June 2022 Appointment No. 0388-23 liter, Upper Ground Floor, r, Shaw Blvd., Mandaluyong City